FILED 1 ELIZABETH L. MCKEEN (S.B. #216690) emckeen@omm.com 2 DANIELLE N. OAKLEY (S.B. #246295) 2012 AUG 17 PM 2: 37 doakley@omm.com CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DIST. OF CALIF. LOS ANGELES 3 EDGAR H. MARTINEZ (S.B. #255503) emartinez@omm.com O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP 610 Newport Center Drive, 17th Floor Newport Beach, CA 92660 Telephone: (949) 760-9600 Facsimile: (949) 823-6994 4 5 6 7 Attorneys for Defendant OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 No Cov 12-7118 11 JEFFREY KUNS, an individual, on his own behalf and on behalf of all 12 **DEFENDANT OCWEN LOAN** others similarly situated, SERVICING, LLC'S NOTICE OF 13 Plaintiff, REMOVAL 14 v. (28 U.S.C. §§ 1332, 1441, 1446 & 1453) 15 OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC. a Delaware limited liability (Los Angeles County Superior Court 16 company, and DOES 1-100. Case No. BC 488534) inclusive, 17 [Declaration of Sandra Lyew filed Defendants. concurrently herewith] 18 19 20 NOTICE OF REMOVAL Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC ("Ocwen") hereby removes the 21 above-captioned action from the Superior Court for the State of California, County 22 23 of Los Angeles, to the United States District Court for the Central District of 24 California pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332, 1441, and 1446. As set forth more fully below, this Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the Class Action 25 Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA") because plaintiff's complaint commenced litigation 26 that could have been originally filed in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d). 27 As grounds for removal, Ocwen states as follows: 28 NOTICE OF REMOVAL CV

I. BACKGROUND

- 1. Plaintiff filed this action as a putative class action in the Superior Court for the State of California, County of Los Angeles, on July 17, 2012. The action bears case number BC 488534. A copy of the complaint and all other documents filed in state court are attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 2. Plaintiff served a copy of the complaint and summons on Ocwen on July 19, 2012. Removal is timely because this notice has been filed within 30 days after service as required by 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b).
- 3. This action is removed to federal court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1441 because this is a putative class action over which the Court has original jurisdiction pursuant to CAFA.

II. CAFA JURISDICTION

4. Federal diversity jurisdiction exists over this removed action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d), as amended by CAFA. Section 1332(d)(2) provides that United States district courts have original jurisdiction over any putative class action (1) in which the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs; (2) involving a plaintiff class of 100 or more members; and (3) where at least one member of the plaintiff class is a citizen of a state different from any defendant. 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d)(1)(B), 1332(d)(2)(A), 1332(d)(5)(B), 1332(d)(6). Plaintiff purports to bring a class action that meets each of these jurisdictional criteria, as discussed below. (Compl. ¶¶ 5, 20 (asserting entitlement to relief on behalf of a class).)

THE AMOUNT IN CONTROVERSY EXCEEDS \$5,000,000

5. Here, the amount in controversy exceeds \$5 million, exclusive of interests and costs. See 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d)(2), 1332(d)(6) (under CAFA, the amount in controversy is satisfied if the claims of the putative class exceed, in the aggregate, \$5 million, exclusive of interest and costs).

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- Plaintiff alleges that he purchased a California residence using a 6. purchase money loan and that this residence was eventually sold via non-judicial foreclosure. (Compl. ¶¶ 1, 16-17.) He alleges that there was a deficiency from the sale of his residence because the proceeds from the foreclosure sale were less than the outstanding balance on his loan. (Id.) He contends that under California law, there can be "no deficiency liability" following the non-judicial foreclosure of a California residence or the foreclosure of an owner-occupied residence which was financed with a purchase money mortgage. (Id. \P 2.) Plaintiff alleges that following the foreclosure sale of his residence, Ocwen reported information to credit reporting agencies indicating that plaintiff was liable for the deficiency after foreclosure. (Id. ¶¶ 3, 17-19.) Plaintiff contends that this information was "inaccurate or incomplete" because Ocwen "failed to indicate or disclose that [plaintiff] was not liable for the deficiency from the foreclosure of his home." (Id.) As a result of Ocwen's alleged conduct, plaintiff asserts a claim for violation of the California Consumer Credit Reporting Agencies Act, California Civil Code § 1785.25 ("CCRAA"). (Id. ¶¶ 19, 31-38.)
- 7. Plaintiff alleges that Ocwen similarly violated the CCRAA with respect to a putative class of California borrowers with loan accounts serviced by Ocwen. (*Id.* ¶¶ 20, 29-30.) Specifically, plaintiff alleges that Ocwen provided information to credit reporting agencies indicating that borrowers owed a deficiency following the non-judicial foreclosure sale of their residence or the foreclosure sale of an owner-occupied residential property that was secured by a purchase money loan, and plaintiff contends that such reporting was inaccurate and incomplete because Ocwen failed to indicate or disclose that the putative class members had no liability for these deficiencies. (*Id.* ¶¶ 29-30, 35.)
- 1. On the basis of these allegations, plaintiff seeks to certify a class consisting of *inter alia* "[a]ll natural persons residing in California at the time Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC reported information to TransUnion, Experian, and/or

- 2. Under the CCRAA, "putative class members would be entitled to [p]unitive damages of not less than one hundred dollars (\$ 100) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$ 5,000) . . ." for willful violations. Wang v. Asset Acceptance, LLC, 680 F. Supp. 2d 1122, 1124-25 (N.D. Cal. 2010) (internal quotations omitted) (citing Cal. Civ. Code § 1785.31(a)(2) and denying motion for remand where estimated size of putative class multiplied by minimum amount of punitive damages per class member far exceeded CAFA amount in controversy threshold). (See Compl. ¶ 6.)
- 3. While Ocwen generally denies plaintiff's allegations and further denies that any class could be certified pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23 or on any other basis, from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2012, Ocwen engaged in credit reporting for approximately 5,101 California loans where the reporting indicated that a foreclosure sale had occurred on the property secured by the loan. (Lyew Decl. at ¶ 3.) For approximately 4,730 of these loans, Ocwen reported a positive balance on the loan account to the three major credit bureaus following foreclosure sale of the property. (*Id.*) The overwhelming majority of the foreclosures

In full, plaintiff's proposed class definition includes "[A]ll natural persons residing in California at the time Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC reported information to TransUnion, Experian, and/or Equifax which (a) indicated that such person was liable for the deficiency from (i) a non-judicial foreclosure of a mortgage for a residential property in California; or (ii) a foreclosure of a purchase money mortgage for an owner-occupied residential property in California with less than five units; or which (b) indicated that such person's liability for a deficiency from (i) a non-judicial foreclosure of a mortgage for a residential property in California; or (ii) a foreclosure of a purchase money mortgage for owner-occupied residential property in California with less than five units was discharged in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy occurred after foreclosure." (Compl. ¶ 20 (emphasis added).)

associated with these loans were conducted non-judicially. (*Id.*) Assuming that plaintiff sought to recover the maximum \$5,000 in punitive damages for each such loan,² the amount in controversy would well exceed the CAFA threshold of \$5 million.³ See Wang, 680 F. Supp. 2d at 1124-25.

- 4. With respect to actual damages, plaintiff alleges that he and other members of the putative class suffered actual injury in the form of "emotional distress, declined and reduced credit, forced purchase of credit reports and credit monitoring [services], postage and private courier costs, mileage, long-distance telephone charges, lost cell phone airtime, [and] increased credit costs." (Compl. ¶ 37.) While Ocwen disputes that plaintiff or any member of the putative class is entitled to recovery of actual damages, when plaintiff's request for actual damages on behalf of himself and the putative class is considered in conjunction with the potential statutory damages at issue, more than \$5 million is in controversy here. See Wang, 680 F Supp. 2d at 1124 (finding that, although amount of actual damages was unspecified in complaint, amount in controversy threshold would be satisfied even if each putative class member only had a nominal amount of actual damages).
- 5. The above figures also do not include attorneys' fees, which plaintiff also seeks. (Compl. ¶ 38, Prayer for Relief.) Because the fees sought are authorized by statute, an estimate of attorneys' fees may be included in the

² Ocwen contends that plaintiff is not entitled to recover the damages he seeks, but the question at issue here is not whether plaintiff may be able to establish liability or prove damages, but whether the amount in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional threshold. *Lewis v. Verizon Commc'ns, Inc.*, 627 F. 3d 395, 400 (9th Cir. 2010) ("The amount in controversy is simply an estimate of the total amount in dispute, not a prospective assessment of defendant's liability.")

³ Even assuming that plaintiff sought to recover only half of the punitive damages recoverable under the CCRAA, the amount in controversy would be over the jurisdictional threshold of \$5 million, even without including any actual damages or attorneys' fees, both of which plaintiff seeks and which are properly considered in evaluating the amount in controversy.

calculation of amount in controversy. *Galt G/S v. JSS Scandinavia*, 142 F.3d 1150, 1156 (9th Cir. 1998) ("We hold that where an underlying statute authorizes an award of attorneys' fees, either with mandatory or discretionary language, such fees may be included in the amount in controversy."); Cal. Civ. Code § 1785.31(d) (prevailing party in CCRAA action entitled to court costs and attorneys' fees). Accordingly, if attorneys' fees are included in the calculation of the amount in controversy, more than \$5 million is in controversy here.

THE CLASS CONSISTS OF OVER 100 CLASS MEMBERS

- 6. As discussed above, plaintiff seeks to certify a class consisting of *inter alia* "[a]ll natural persons residing in California at the time Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC reported information to TransUnion, Experian, and/or Equifax which [] indicated that such person was liable for the deficiency from [] a non-judicial foreclosure of a mortgage for a residential property in California." (Compl. ¶ 20.)
- 7. While Ocwen denies that any class could be certified pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23 or on any other basis, as explained in paragraph 10 above, the putative class here significantly exceeds 100 members given that, since July 2010, Ocwen has reported positive balances to the three major credit bureaus for approximately 4,730 California loans following the foreclosure sale of the property secured by the loan (where the overwhelming majority of these foreclosures were conducted non-judicially). (Lyew Decl. ¶ 3.)

DIVERSITY OF CITIZENSHIP EXISTS AS REQUIRED BY CAFA

- 8. There is a diversity of citizenship between plaintiff and Ocwen.
- 9. Plaintiff is a resident of California. (Compl. ¶ 7.) Plaintiff has not alleged any alternative state of residence or intent to stay indefinitely in such state. (See Compl.) Accordingly, plaintiff is domiciled in California and is therefore a citizen of California. See Lew v. Moss, 797 F. 2d 747, 750 (9th Cir. 1986) ("A change in domicile requires the confluence of (a) a physical presence at the new location with (b) an intention to remain there indefinitely."); State Farm Mut. Auto

- Ins. Co. v. Dyer, 19 F.3d 514, 520 (10th Cir. 1994) ("the place of residence is prima facie the domicile"); Krasnov v. Dinan, 465 F.2d 1298, 1300 (3d Cir. 1972) ("Where one lives is prima facie evidence of domicile") (citing District of Columbia v. Murphy, 314 U.S. 441, 62 S. Ct. 303, 86 L. Ed. 329 (1941)); Aqua Connect, Inc. v. Code Rebel, LLC, No. 11-cv-5764, 2011 WL 5075421, *3 n.2 (C.D. Cal. Oct. 25, 2011) (same); Gutterman v. Wachovia Mortg., No. CV 11–1611, 2011 WL 2633167, *1 (C.D. Cal. March 31, 2011) (same).
- Delaware and having a principal place of business in the State of Florida. (Lyew Decl. ¶ 2.) For the purposes of CAFA, an unincorporated association is deemed to be a citizen of the state where it has its principal place of business and the state under whose laws it is organized. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(10); Ferrell v. Express Check Advance of South Carolina, LLC, 591 F.3d 698, 704 (4th Cir. 2010); Roling v. E*Trade Sec., LLC, 756 F. Supp. 2d 1179, 1184-1185 (N.D. Cal. 2010). Therefore, under CAFA, Ocwen is a citizen of Delaware and Florida.
- 11. Because plaintiff is a citizen of California and Ocwen is a citizen of Delaware and Florida, at least one class member and one defendant are diverse from one another as required by CAFA.

NONE OF THE EXCEPTIONS TO CAFA APPLIES TO THIS ACTION

- 12. CAFA contains a number of exceptions which, where applicable, prevent the Court from exercising jurisdiction over a class action, even where that class action meets CAFA's threshold requirements triggering diversity jurisdiction. None of these exceptions applies to the present case.
- 13. Under CAFA's "Local Controversy Exception," an action is not removable if (1) more than two-thirds of the class are citizens of the state in which the action was filed; (2) at least one defendant whose conduct forms a significant basis of the claims is a citizen of the state in which the action was filed; (3) the principal injuries occurred in the state where the action was filed; and (4) no class

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action has been filed alleging the same claims against any of the defendants in the last three years. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(4)(A). This exception is not applicable here because Ocwen is not a citizen of California.

- Under CAFA's "Home State Exception," an action is not removable if at least two-thirds of class members and all primary defendants are citizens of the state in which the action was filed. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(4)(B). This exception is not applicable here because Ocwen is not a citizen of California.
- Accordingly, the exceptions to CAFA do not apply to this action and 15. this court has diversity jurisdiction over this action because matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and cost, the putative class includes 100 or more members, and there is at least one member of the putative class that is a citizen of a state different from any defendant.

III. VENUE

The Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles 16. is located within the Central District of California, Western Division. See 28 U.S.C. § 84(c)(2). Therefore, venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a) because the District Court for the Central District of California is the "district and division embracing the place where such action is pending."

V. NOTICE

17. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a), concurrently with the filing of this Notice, a copy of this Notice of Removal is being served upon counsel for plaintiff and a copy this Notice of Removal is being filed with the Clerk of the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles.

WHEREFORE, Ocwen respectfully removes this Action from the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles to this Court.

1	Dated: August 17, 2012
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3	O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP
4	ELIZABETH L. MCKEEN DANIELLE N. OAKLEY
5	EDGAR H. MARTINEZ
6	By: 10
7	Edgar H Martinez
8	Attorneys for Defendant OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, L.L.C.
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	9 NOTICE OF REMOVAL CV
	9 NOTICE OF REMOVAL CV

Exhibit A

Exhibit A

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FILED
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

JUL 17 2012

John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk
BY Deputy

Attorneys for Plaintiff Jeffrey Kuns, on his own behalf, and on behalf of all others similarly situated

SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

JEFFREY KUNS, an individual, on his own behalf and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a Delaware limited liability companies, and DOES 1-100, inclusive,

٧.

Defendants.

No. BC488534

UNLIMITED CIVIL ACTION

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF CONSUMER CREDIT REPORTING AGENCIES ACT, CIVIL CODE, § 1785.25(A).

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

BY FAX

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Jeffrey Kuns ("Kuns" or "Plaintiff"), makes this complaint against Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC ("Ocwen" or "Defendant"), and Does 1 to 100 (collectively, "Defendants"). Plaintiff's allegations as to his own actions are based on personal knowledge. The other allegations are based on his counsel's investigation of publicly available documents and interviews with witnesses, and information and belief.

Introduction

1. Kuns purchased a residence in Nevada City, California in Judicial with a purchase money loan. Ocwen serviced the loan. After the company sourced, Kuns was unable to make mortgage payments. Kuns's residence was sold the anon-judicial foreclosure on December 21, 2009. There was a deficiency from sale of the home – that is, the proceeds were less than the amount of the loan and t

Class Action Complaint

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time of the foreclosure.

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2. At least two provisions of the California Code of Civil Procedure bar deficiency liability in Kuns's situation. First, there is no deficiency liability on a mortgage after a non-judicial foreclosure:

No judgment shall be rendered for any deficiency upon a note secured by a deed of trust or mortgage upon real property . . . hereafter executed in any case in which the real property . . . has been sold by the mortgagee or trustee under power of sale contained in the mortgage or deed of trust.

(Code Civ. Proc., § 580d.) Second, there is no deficiency liability after foreclosure on a purchase money mortgage for a personal residence that is used by less than five families:

No deficiency judgment shall lie in any event after a sale of real property... under a deed of trust or mortgage on a dwelling for not more than four families given to a lender to secure repayment of a loan which was in fact used to pay all or part of the purchase price of that dwelling occupied, entirely or in part, by the purchaser.

(Code Civ. Proc., § 580b.) Simply put, California law precludes deficiency liability in the situation that Kuns faced.

- 3. However, after the December 2009 foreclosure, Ocwen furnished information to credit reporting agencies was inaccurate or incomplete because it indicated that Kuns was liable for the deficiency after the foreclosure.
- 4. The Consumer Credit Reporting Agencies Act ("CCRAA") (Civ. Code, §§ 1785.1 to 1785.36) regulates furnishing information to credit reporting agencies. In particular, the CCRAA prohibits furnishing information on specific transactions "to any consumer credit reporting agency if the person knows or should know the information is incomplete or inaccurate." (Civ. Code, § 1785.25, subd. (a).)
- 5. Ocwen services mortgage loans on residences throughout California, and many of those mortgages have been foreclosed. On information and belief, Ocwen furnishes information to credit reporting agencies that many consumers owe the deficiencies from the non-judicial foreclosures or foreclosures of purchase

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money mortgages on residences in California. Ocwen's credit reporting concerning these individuals is inaccurate and incomplete.

6. Ocwen's practices violate section 1785.25(a) of the CCRAA. On his own behalf and on behalf of all similarly situated persons, Kuns seeks actual damages, statutory punitive damages, and injunctive relief under section 1785.31 of the CCRAA.

Parties

- Plaintiff Jeffrey Kuns is a natural person who resided in Los Angeles 7. County at the times relevant to this complaint. Kuns brings this action on behalf of himself and others similarly situated.
- 8. Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company which maintains offices at 1661 Worthington Road, Suite 100, West Palm Beach, Florida 33409.
- 9. Plaintiff is currently ignorant of the true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise, of the Defendants sued herein under the fictitious names Does 1 through 100, inclusive, and therefore, sues such Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this complaint to allege the true names and capacities of said fictitiously named Defendants when their true names and capacities have been ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that each of the fictitiously named Doe Defendants is legally responsible in some manner for the events and occurrences alleged herein, and for the damages suffered by plaintiff. On information and belief, all Doe Defendants are citizens of California.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that all 10. defendants, including the fictitious Doe Defendants, were at all relevant times 26 acting as actual agents, conspirators, ostensible agents, partners and/or joint venturers and employees of all other defendants, and that all acts alleged herein 28 occurred within the course and scope of said agency, employment, partnership, and

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joint venture, conspiracy or enterprise, and with the express and/or implied permission, knowledge, consent, authorization and ratification of their co-Defendants; however, each of these allegations are deemed "alternative" theories whenever not doing so would result in a contraction with the other allegations.

- All Defendants, including Does 1 through 100, are collectively referred to as "Defendants" or "Ocwen."
- Whenever this complaint refers to any act of Defendants, the allegations shall be deemed to mean the act of those defendants named in the particular cause of action, and each of them, acting individually, jointly and 10 severally, unless otherwise alleged.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 13. This Court may exercise jurisdiction over this case and these parties 13 under Code of Civil Procedure § 410.10. This is a court of general jurisdiction, and the amount in controversy exceeds this court's jurisdictional minimum.
 - Venue in this County is proper under Code of Civil Procedure sections 395.5, because, e.g., Ocwen's liability arose in the County of Los Angeles.
- All allegations in this complaint are based on information and belief 18 and/or the documents and information currently available and in the hands of Plaintiff's attorneys, and are such that additional evidentiary support and detail will be forthcoming after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery.

Kuns's Individual Claims

- Kuns purchased a residence in California with a purchase money loan. 16. The residence was sold through a non-judicial foreclosure in December 21, 2009.
- There was a deficiency from the sale of the home that is, the 26 proceeds were approximately \$400,000 less than the amount of the loan at the time of the foreclosure. Immediately prior to filing for bankruptcy in June 16, 2011, he discovered that Ocwen had furnished information to Equifax and possibly other

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- In October 2011, Ocwen reported to Equifax credit reporting agencies that Kuns's liability for the deficiency was eliminated through his June 2011 bankruptcy - again, suggesting that Kuns had liability for the deficiency after Ocwen foreclosed on his home.
- The information Ocwen furnished to Equifax was incomplete and 12 inaccurate because it failed to indicate or disclose that Kuns was not liable for the deficiency from the foreclosure of his home. Under Code of Civil Procedure 14 sections 580b and 580d, Kuns was not liable for the deficiency from a non-judicial foreclosure of a personal residence under a purchase money loan. The CCRAA prohibits furnishing information on specific transactions "to any consumer credit 17 reporting agency if the person knows or should know the information is incomplete or inaccurate." (Civ. Code, § 1785.25, subd. (a).) Ocwen's credit reporting violated CCRAA section 1785.25.

Class Certification Allegations

20. Class Definition: Kuns seeks to certify a class and brings this Complaint against the Defendants, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 382, on behalf of himself and the following class:

All natural persons residing in California at the time Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC reported information to TransUnion, Experian, and/or Equifax which (a) indicated that such person was liable for the deficiency from

- (i) a non-judicial foreclosure of a mortgage for a residential property in California; or
- a foreclosure of a purchase money mortgage for an (ii)

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owner-occupied residential property in California with less than five units; or

which (b) indicated that such person's liability for a deficiency from

- a non-judicial foreclosure of a mortgage for a residential (i) property in California; or
- a foreclosure of a purchase money mortgage for an owner-occupied residential property in California with less than five units

was discharged in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy occurred after the foreclosure ("the Class").

To the extent Ocwen asserts that other allegations in this Complaint alter the foregoing class definition, this paragraph and the next paragraph control and 10 supersede all of Plaintiff's other allegations. Excluded from the class are Defendants, any entity in which Defendants have a controlling interest or which has a controlling interest in Defendants, and Defendants' agents, legal 13 representatives, predecessors, successors, assigns, and employees. Also excluded from the class are the judge and staff to whom this case is assigned, and any member of the judge's immediate family. Kuns reserves the right to revise the definition of the Class based on facts learned during discovery. Kuns is a member of the Class that he seeks to represent.

The Class is narrowly defined. Consistent with the definition of the Class set forth above, Kuns does not allege that all of Ocwen's credit reporting violated the CCRAA. First, the Class is limited to deficiencies arising from either (a) a non-judicial foreclosure of a mortgage on a residential property in California: or (b) a foreclosure of a purchase money mortgage on an owner-occupied residential property in California with less than five units. Most of the mortgages that Ocwen serviced do not fall into either of these categories. Second, the Class only concerns individuals residing in California at the time Ocwen reported the deficiency. Ocwen furnishes information to credit reporting agencies on consumers nationwide; most of Ocwen's credit-reporting does not include California residents.

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- Class Numerosity: The exact number of members of the Class is 22. unknown and is not available to Plaintiff at this time, but such information is readily ascertainable by Defendants. Inferring from Ocwen's size and the likely volume of its credit-reporting, Plaintiff asserts that the number of Class members exceeds forty (40), so that individual joinder of all members of the Class is likely to be impracticable. However, based on the allegations in the preceding paragraph, Kuns expressly disavows any allegation that the number of Class members necessarily exceeds forty.
- Class Commonality: Common questions of fact and law exist as to 10 all members of the Class and predominate over the questions affecting only individual members of the Class. Identification of the individuals who qualify as a member of the Class will be sufficient to establish liability to the Class member.
 - 24. Typicality: Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the other members of the Class. Plaintiff is not different in any relevant way from any other member of the Class, and the relief he seeks is common to the Class.
 - Adequate Representation: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the other members of the Class; his interests do not conflict with their interests. Plaintiff has retained counsel competent and experienced in complex class actions, and they intend to prosecute this action vigorously.
- 26. Predominance and Superiority: The Class alleged in this Complaint is appropriate for certification because class proceedings are superior to all other 23 available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, since joinder of all members is impracticable. The damages suffered by each individual 25|| member of the Class will likely be relatively small, especially given the burden and 26 expense of individual prosecution of the complex litigation necessitated by Defendants' actions. It would be virtually impossible for Class members to 28 individually obtain effective relief from Defendants' misconduct. Even if Class

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- Generally Applicable Policies: This class action is also appropriate for certification because Defendants have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the Class as a whole. The 12 policies of the Defendants challenged herein apply and affect members of the Class uniformly, and Plaintiff's challenge of these policies hinges on Defendants' conduct, not on facts or law applicable only to Plaintiff.
- Injunctive Relief is Appropriate: Based on information and belief, 16 Ocwen continues to engage in the improper practices discussed above. Injunctive relief is necessary and appropriate to enjoin Defendants' conduct and to prevent 18 irreparable harm to Plaintiff and Class members for which they have no adequate remedy at law.

Class Allegations

Ocwen services mortgage loans on residences throughout California, 29. 22 and many of those mortgages have been foreclosed. On information and belief, Ocwen furnishes information to credit reporting agencies (i.e., TransUnion, Experian, and Equifax) indicating that Class members owe the deficiencies from non-judicial foreclosures on the mortgages for residential properties in California 26 and foreclosures of purchase money mortgages on owner-occupied residential 27 properties in California with less than five units. On information and belief, Ocwen also furnishes information to credit reporting agencies indicating that the other

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: Violation of the Consumer Credit Reporting Agencies Act (Civ. Code, § 1785.25) Against Ocwen by Plaintiff Individually and on Behalf of the Class

- 31. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges all paragraphs previously alleged herein.
- 32. TransUnion, Experian, and Equifax are consumer credit reporting agencies, under the meaning of Civil Code section 1785.3, subdivision (d).
- 33. The CCRAA prohibits persons from furnishing information on specific transactions "to any consumer credit reporting agency if the person knows or should know the information is incomplete or inaccurate." (Civ. Code, § 1785.25, subd. (a).)
- 34. Kuns and the other Class members had mortgages which were foreclosed. Under Code of Civil Procedure sections 580b and 580d, Kuns and the other Class members were not liable for the deficiency from these foreclosures.
- 35. Ocwen nonetheless furnished information to the CRAs was incomplete and inaccurate because it failed to indicate or disclose that Kuns and the other Class members had no liability for the foregoing deficiencies. The CCRAA prohibits furnishing information on specific transactions "to any consumer credit reporting agency if the person knows or should know the information is incomplete or inaccurate." (Civ. Code, § 1785.25, subd. (a).) Defendants violated CCRAA section 1785.25.
- 36. Defendants intentionally transmitted information concerning the foregoing foreclosures to the credit reporting agencies. Defendants thereby

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JURY TRIAL DEMAND Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable. Dated: July 12, 2012 By:_ Jonathan Cothran (259210) J.COTHRAN LAW OFFICES 2230 West Chapman Avenue, Suite 200 Orange, California 92868 (714) 974-5600 (888) 958-3028 jpcothranlaw@gmail.com Attorneys for Plaintiff Jeffrey Kuns, on his own behalf, and on behalf of all others similarly situated Jury Demand





SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a Delaware limited liability companies, and DOES 1-100, inclusive

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

JEFFREY KUNS, an individual, on his own behalf and on behalf of all others similarly situated

CONFORMED COPY
ORIGINAL FILED
SHIPERIOR COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

JUL 172012

John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk
BY
Many Flores

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information

below.

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summone and legal papers are served on you to tile a written response at this court and have a copy you have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summone and legal papers are served on the plentiff. A letter or phone cast will not protect you, Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the Catifornia Courts case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms an arrest you, if you cannot pay the filing fee, ask Craine Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfielp), your county law library, or the courtiouse nearest you, if you cannot pay the filing fee, ask court clork for a fee water form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property the court clork for a fee water form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and you wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral services. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Heip Center (www.courtinlo.ca.gow/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for walved less and (www.courtinlo.ca.gow/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for walved less and court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for walved less and (www.courtinlo.ca.gow/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for walved less and (www.courtinlo.ca.gow/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for walved less and (www.courtinlo.ca.gow/selfhelp). Or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for walved less and (www.courtinlo.ca.gow/selfhelp).

continuación.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles logales para presentar una respueste por escrito liene que estar corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carte o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respueste por escrito liene que estar corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carte o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta se no formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que hayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado e en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pegar la cuota de presentación, pida al secreturio de la corte le biblioteca de leyes de su condado e en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pegar la cuota de presentación, pida al secreturio de la corte le que le de un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta e tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le que le de un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta e tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le que le de un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas.

podrá quilar su sueido, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hisy otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que flame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede l'amer a un servicio de Hisy otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que flame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede judicio de un remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumple con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales sin fines de fucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de fucro en al sitio web de California Legal Services, programa de servicios legales sin fines de fucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de fucro en al sitio web de California Legal Services, programa de servicios legales sin fines de fucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de fucro poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.lawhelpositiornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.lawhelpositiornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.lawhelpositiornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.lawhelpositiornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de california. (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el california (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniêndose en contacto con la corte o el (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o

The name and address of the court is:
(El nombre y direction de la corte es): Superior Court for Los Angeles County
Stanley Mosk Courthouse, 111 North Hill Street, Los Angeles 90012

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiffs attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:
(El nombre, la direction y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):
Jonathan Cothran, 2230 West Chapman Avenue, Suite 200, Orange, CA 92868, (714) 974-5600

Jonathan Countail, 2230				, Deputy
DATE: 17 2012	A CEARKE	Clerk, by (Secretario)	Mary Flores	(Adjunto)
(Fecha) 17 LU 18 (For proof of service of this summor (Para prueba de entrega de esta c	ons, use Proof of Service of S	Summons (form POS-01	10).) 18, (POS-010)).	
/Para prueba de entrega de esta c	TOUGHT TO THE DEDOCAL &	EDVED: You are selver	d	
(SEAL) 1.	as an individual defe as the person sued to	inder the fictitious name	a Delawere l'imite	ed l'ability
	Ochra Loan Se	wicks, crei	u 400	•
3	ou pensit of (abona)	· COWBONIES	CCP 418.60 (minor)	
	under: CCP 416.10	\ (defunct corporation)	CCP 416.70 (conser	∨atee)
		a /accordation or partner		nU
	other (special delivery	ify): Lim.kd		Page 1 of 1
	by personal convers	SUMMONS	Code of Chill P	rocedure 56 412.20, 466 www.courdinto.cs.gov
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicasi Council of California SUM-100 (Flav. July 1, 2009)	·			



Notice of Service of Process

null / ALL Transmittal Number: 10134587 Date Processed: 07/19/2012

Primary Contact:

Jeffrey McCabe

Ocwen Financial Corporation

1661 Worthington Road

Suite 100

West Palm Beach, FL 33409

Entity:

Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

Entity ID Number 2122003

Entity Served:

Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

Title of Action:

Jeffrey Kuns vs. Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

Document(s) Type:

Summons/Complaint

Nature of Action:

Other

Court/Agency:

Los Angeles County Superior Court, California

Case/Reference No:

BC488534

Jurisdiction Served:

California

Date Served on CSC:

07/19/2012

Answer or Appearance Due:

30 Days

Originally Served On:

csc

How Served:

Personal Service

Sender Information:

Jonathan Cothran 714-974-5600

Information contained on this transmittal form is for record keeping, notification and forwarding the attached document(s). It does not constitute a legal opinion. The recipient is responsible for Interpreting the documents and taking appropriate action.

To avoid potential delay, please do not send your response to CSC

CSC is SAS70 Type II certified for its Litigation Management System.

2711 Centerville Road Wilmington, DE 19808 (888) 690-2882 | sop@cscinfo.com

7		CM-010
AFTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY Plens, Steb & Jonathan Cohran (239210)	er number, and address);	FOR COURT USE ONLY
J. COTHRAN LAW OFFICES 2230 West Chapman Avenue, Suite 200		
Orange, California 92868	(999) 059 2009	FILED
TELEPHONE NO.: (714) 974-5600 ATTONNEY FOR (MANUEL JEFFICE KURS	fax ho: (888) 958-3028	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
superior court of California, county of $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$		COUNTY OF EDSANGE
STREET ADDRESS: 111 North Hill Stree MARING ADDRESS: 111 North Hill Stree		JUL 17 2012
CITY AND 29 COOK: Los Angeles 90012		John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk
BRANCH NAME: Stanley Mosk (Coun CASE NAME:	ity) Courthouse	BY A Deputy
Kuns v. Ocwen Loan Servicing, LL	.c	Mary Flores
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	CASE MUNES BC 48 8 5 3 4
✓ Unlimited	Counter Joinder	
(Amount (Amount demanded la	Filed with first appearance by defe	adopt JUDGE:
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3,402	2) DEPT: IS Y FA
items 1-6 be 1. Check one box below for the case type the	Now must be completed (see instructions	s on page 2).
Auta Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Littgation
Auto (22)	Breach of contract/warranty (06)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403)
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antifrust/Trade regulation (03)
Other PUPDAWO (Personal injury/Property Damaga/Wronglul Death) Tort	Other collections (09) Insurance coverage (18)	Construction defect (10) Mass tori (40)
Asbesios (04)	Other contract (37)	Securities Higation (28)
Product liability (24)	Real Property	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Medical melpractice (45) Other PVPDAND (23)	Eminent domain/inverse condemnation (14)	insurance coverage claims arising from the
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	shove listed provisionally complex case types (41)
Business fort/unfair business practice (07	On an and an and a 1000	Enforcement of Judgment
Civil rights (08)	Unigwful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)
Defermation (13)	Commercial (31)	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
Fraud (16) Intellectual property (19)	Residential (32) Drugs (38)	RICO (27)
Professional negligence (25)	Judicial Review	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Other non-Pi/PD/MD tort (35)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Miscelleneous Civil Patition Permarship and corporate governance (21)
Employment	Petilion re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)
Wrongful termination (36) Other employment (15)	Writ of mandate (02)	
	Other judicial review (30) plax under rule 3.400 of the California Ru	ules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
factors requiring exceptional judicial mena-	gement	area or good, it in and to complete, main in
a. Large number of separately repres		or of witnesses
b. Extensive motion practice raising of issues that will be time-consuming		with related actions pending in one or more courts ties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
c. Substantial amount of documentar		ostjudgment judicial supervision
Remedies sought (check all that apply): a.[·	declaratory or injunctive reflet c. punitive
Number of causes of action (specify): One	C	decimatory of riguricave rener C. [2] puritive
This case is is not a class		
If there are any known related cases, file ar	nd serve a notice of related case. (You n	nay use fam) CM-015.)
ate: July 12, 2012		68
nathan Cothran	2	CHARLES AS BARTY OR ATTACHING FOR BARTY
	NOTICE //	GIGS CIRE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
 Pfaintiff must file this cover sheet with the file under the Probate Code, Family Code, or W 	rst paper filed in the action or proceeding	g (except small claims cases or cases filed is of Court, rule 3.220.) Fallure to file may result
in sanctions.		or order, rule 5.220.) Failure to the may result
 File this cover sheet in addition to any cover If this case is complex under rule 3,400 et s 	r sneet required by local court rule.	must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
nihar parties to the action or occoration		· ·
Uniess this is a collections case under rule 3	3.740 or a complex case, this cover shee	et will be used for statistical purposes only.
re Adopted for Manufatory Use utilises Council of California -	CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Call Philes of Court, rules 2.30, 3.220, 3.400–3.403, 3.740; Call Standards of Judicial Administration, std. 3.10
SI-D 10 (Riv. July 1, 2007)		www.coustabe.ca.gov Arrenteer Legaries, Iris.
		www Founs Wardlaw com

SHORT TITLS:		_				
	Kuns v.	Ocwen	Loan	Servi	cing,	LL(

CASE HUMBER

BC488534

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

(02::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
This form is required pursuant to Local Rule 2.0 in all new civi	This form is required pursuant to Local Rule 2.0 in all new civil case fillings in the Los Angeles Superior Court.						
Item I: Check the types of hearing and fill in the estimated length of	hearing expected for this case:						
JURY TRIAL? Tyes CLASS ACTION? TY YES LIMITED CASE?	YES TIME ESTIMATED FOR TRIAL 10						
Item II. Indicate the correct district and courthouse location (4 steps	- If you checked "Limited Case", skip to Item III, Pg. 4):						
Step 1: After first completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet form, fir case in the left margin below, and, to the right in Column A, the Civil							
Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B be	low which best describes the nature of this case.						
Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.							
Applicable Reasons for Choosing Courthouse	Location (see Column C below)						
1. Class actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse, central district. 2. May be filed in central (other county, or no bodily injury/property damage). 3. Location where cause of action arose. 4. Location where bodily injury, death or damage occurred.	Location of property or permanently garaged vehicle. Location where petitioner resides. Location wherein defendant/respondent functions wholly. Location where one or more of the perties reside.						

- 5. Location where performance required or defendant resides.
- 10. Location of Labor Commissioner Office
- Step 4: Fill in the information requested on page 4 in Item III; complete Item IV. Sign the declaration.

	Civil Caie Cover Steel	Type of Action (Chack only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
o +-	Aula (22)	☐ A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1., 2., 4.
ToT	Uninsured Motoriel (46)	☐ A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death - Uninsured Motorist	1., 2., 4
- -	Asbestos (04)	A6070 Asbestos Property Damege A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death	2.
1 1 2	Product Lisbility (24)	A7280 Product Liability (not asbestes or toxic/environmental)	1., 2., 3., 4., 8.
mgful Dea	Medical Malpractice (45)	☐ A7210 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons ☐ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice	1., 4.
Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort	Other Personal Injury Property Damage Wrongful Death (23)	□ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall) □ A7230 Intentional Bodity injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assauli, vandalism, etc.) □ A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress □ A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1., 4. 1., 4. 1., 3. 1., 4.

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N LASC Approved 03-04

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

Local Rule 2.0

Page 1 of 4





SHORT TITLE:
Kuns v. Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

CASE NUMBER

			i .
•	A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No. 10	Type of Action ((Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
peny Ton	Business Tort (07)	2 A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract)	1 , 3.
	Civil Rights (08)	☐ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination	1., 2., 3.
Deal Deal	Defamation (13)	A6010 Cefamation (alander/libet)	1., 2., 3.
al tryiu engliu	Fraud (16)	A8013 Fraud (no contract)	1., 2., 3.
Non-Personal Injuryl Property Damagel Wrongful Death Tort	Professional Negligence (25)	□ A8017 Legal Malpractice □ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)	1., 2., 3. 1., 2., 3.
Ž₫	Other (35)	☐ A8025 Other Non-Personal Injury/Property Damage tort	2.,3.
돌	Wrongful Termination (36)	□ A6037 Wrongful Termination	1., 2., 3.
Employment	Other Employment (15)	☐ A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case ☐ A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals	1., 2., 3. 10.
	Breach of Contract/ Warranty (08) (not insurance)	□ A5004 Breach of Rentel/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction) □ A5008 Contract/Warranty Breach -Seller Plaintiff (no fraud/negligence) □ A5019 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud) □ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence)	2., 5. 2., 5. 1., 2., 5. 1., 2., 5.
Contract	Collections (09)	A8002 Collections Case-Seiler Plaintiff A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case	2., 5., 6. 2., 5.
	Insurance Coverage (18)	A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex)	1., 2., 5., 8.
	Other Contract (37)	□ A6009 Contractual Fraud □ A6031 Tortlous Interference □ A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence)	1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 8.
•	Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)	□ A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels	2.
perty	Wrongful Eviction (33)	□ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case	2., 6.
Real Property	Other Real Property (26)	□ A5018 Mortgage Foreclosure □ A6032 Quiet Title □ A5080 Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenent, foreclosure)	2., 6. 2., 6. 2., 6.
7 7	Unlawful Deteiner-Commercial (31)	A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 8.
etaine	Untawful Detainer-Residential (32)	A6020 Unitawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 8.
~			2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer	Unlawful Detainer- Post-Foreclosure (34)	D A6020F Unlawful Detainer-Post-Foreclosure	

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CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

Local Rule 2.0

Page 2 of 4





SHORT TITLE:
Kuns v. Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

CASE HUVBER

	A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.		B Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
	Asset Forfelture (05)	- A	5108 Assel Forfeiture Case	2., 6
8	Petition re Árbitration (11)	(3) A	5115 Petition to Compet/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration	2., 5.
Judicial Review			9151 Wift - Administrative Mandamus	2., 8.
ndicia	Writ of Mandate (02)	į	8152 Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter 8153 Writ - Other Limited Court Case Review	2. 2.
~	Other Judicial Review (39)	ļ	8150 Other Writ /Judicial Review	2., 8.
				1., 2., 8.
, Eg	Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	O A	5003 Antitrust/Trade Regulation	1., 2., 0.
legiji	Construction Defect (10)	O 4	3007 Construction Defect	1., 2., 3.
nplex I	Ctaims Involving Mass Tort (40)	□ A	5006 Claims Involving Mass Tort	1., 2., 8.
4y Con	Securities Litigation (28)	Π A	5035 Securities Litigation Case	1., 2., 8.
Provisionally Complex Litigation	Toxic Tort Environmental (30)	□ A	3036 Toxic Tort/Environmental	1., 2., 3., 8.
P	Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)		3014 Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only)	1., 2., 5., 8.
		□ A4	5141 Sister State Judgment	2., 9.
걸겁			3160 Abstract of Judgment	2., 6.
Enforcement of Judgment	Enforcement		3107 Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations)	2., 9.
forc	of Judgment (20)		3140 Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)	2., 8.
ភីទ			3114 Petition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax	2., 8.
			3112 Other Enforcement of Judgment Case	2., 5., 9.
ু গু	RICO (27)	П А	3033 Rackeleering (RICO) Case	1., 2., 8.
Miscellaneous Civil Complaints		□ A6	3030 Declaratory Relief Only	1., 2., 8.
nalian oraș	Other Complaints	□ A(040 injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/haressment)	2., 8.
isce A C	(Not Specified Above) (42)	□ A1	3011 Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)	1., 2., 8.
≥ ₫		D A	0000 Other Civil Complaint (non-tart/non-complex)	1., 2., 8.
	Parinership Corporation Governance (21)	D 4	3113 Partnership and Corporate Governance Case	2., 8.
		[] A(B121 Civil Harassment	2., 3., 9.
S ES			3123 Workplace Harassment	2., 3., 9.
ineo titis			124 Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse Case	2., 3., 9.
Miscellaneous Civil Petitions	Other Petitions (Not Specified Above)		190 Election Contest	2.
N SEC	(43)		110 Petition for Change of Name	2., 7.
			170 Petition for Refief from Late Claim Law	2., 3., 4 , 8.
	٠		i100 Other Civil Petition	2., 9.

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LACIV 109 (Rev. 03/11) LASC Approved 03-04 CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

Local Rule 2.0 Page 3 of 4





	CASE NUMBER
SHORT TITLE Kuns v. Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC	

Item III. Statement of Location: Enter the address of the accident, party's residence or place of business, performance, or other circumstance indicated in Item II., Step 3 on Page 1, as the proper reason for filling in the court location you selected.

REASON: Check the appropriate boxes under Column C for the type of action th this case.	for the num at you have	bers shown selected for	ADDRESS: 10851 Virginia Avenue Whittler, California 90603
Ó1. □2. ②3. □4. □5. □6. □7. □8. □9. □10.			
crtv: . Whiter	STATE:	23P COORE 90603	

	ssignment: I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California	a that the foregoing is true
item IV. Declaration of As	ssignment to the Stanley Mosk	courthouse in the
and correct and that the	shove-entitled matter is properly filed for assignment to the Stanley Mosk	6 302 at sen and Loca
Central	District of the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles (Code Civ. Proc.	., 3 002 01 00411 0110 001

Rule 2.0, subds. (b), (c) and (d)].

Dated:	July	12.	2012	

(SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY/FILING PARTY)

PLEASE HAVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS COMPLETED AND READY TO BE FILED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY COMMENCE YOUR NEW COURT CASE:

- 1. Original Complaint or Patition.
- 2. If flling a Complaint, a completed Summons form for issuance by the Clerk.
- 3: Civil Case Cover Sheet, Judicial Council form CM-010.
- 4. Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum and Statement of Location form, LACIV 109, LASC Approved 03-04 (Rev. 03/11).
- 5. Payment in full of the filling fee, unless fees have been waived.
- A signed order appointing the Guardian ad Litem, Judicial Council form CIV-010, if the plaintiff or petitioner is a minor under 18 years of age will be required by Court in order to Issue a summons.
- Additional copies of documents to be conformed by the Clerk. Copies of the cover sheet and this addendum must be served along with the summons and complaint, or other initiating pleading in the case.

LAC!V 109 (Rev. 03/11)
LASC Approved 03-04

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

Local Rule 2.0 Page 4 of 4

21/61/18

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

DATE: 07/25/12 HONORABLE Kenneth R. Freeman

DEPT. 322

JUDGE D. MCCULLOUGH

DEPUTY CLERK

JUDOB PRO TEM

PLUCTRONIC RECORDING MONITOR

T. TENNYSON, C.A.

Deputy Sheriff

9:00 am BC488534

JEFFREY KUNS

OCWEN LOAN SERVICING LLC

Defendant

Counsel

NATURE OF PROCEEDINGS.
COURT, ORDER REGARDING NEWLY FILED CLASS ACTION

By this order, the Court determines this case to be Complex according to Rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court. The Clerk's Office has randomly assigned this case to Department 322. Central Civil West Courthouse for all purposes.

By this order, the Court stays the case, except for service of the Summons and Complaint. The stay continues at least until the Initial Status Conference. Initial Status Conference is set for October 5, 2012 at 1:30 p.m. in this department. At least 10 days prior to the Initial Status Conference, counsel for all parties must discuss the issues set forth in the Initial Status Conference Order issued this date. The Initial Status Conference Order is to help the Court and the parties manage this complex case by developing an orderly schedule for briefing, discovery, and court hearings. The parties are informally encouraged to exchange documents and information as may be useful for case evaluation.

Responsive pleadings shall not be filed until further Order of the Court, Parties must file a Notice of Appearance in lieu of an Answer or other responsive pleading. The filing of a Notice of Appearance shall not constitute a waiver of any

MINUTES ENTERED 07/25/12 COUNTY CLERK

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

DATE: 07/25/12

DEPT. 322

HONORABLE Kenneth R: Freeman

D. McCULLOUGH

DEPUTY CLERK

HONORABLE ...

JUDGE PRO TEM

ELECTRONIC RECORDING MONITOR

T. TENNYSON, C.A.

Deputy Sheriff

NONE :

Reporter

9:00 am BC488534

Plaintiff. Counsel :

JEFFREY KUNS

OCWEN LOAN SERVICING LLC:

Defendant, Counsel

NATURE OF PROCEEDINGS:

substantive or procedural challenge to the Complaint. Nothing in this order stays the time for filling an Affidavit of Prejudice pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 170.6

According to Government Code Section 70616(c), each party shall pay a fee of \$1,000.00 to the Los Angeles Superior Court within 10 calendar days from this date.

The plaintiff must serve a copy of this minute order on all parties forthwith and file a Proof of Service in this department within seven days of service.

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

the below-named Executive Officer/Clerk of the I, the below-named Executive Officer/Clerk of the above-entitled court, do hereby certify that I am not a party to the cause herein; and that on this date I served the Minute Order of this date upon each party or counsel named below by placing the document for collection and mailing so as to cause it to be deposited in the United States mail at the courthouse in Los Angeles, California, one copy of the original filed/entered herein in a separate sealed envelope to each address as shown below with the postage thereon fully prepaid, in accordance with standard court practices. in accordance with standard court practices.

MINUTES ENTERED 07/25/12 COUNTY CLERK

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

DATE: 07/25/12

HONORABLE Kenneth R. Freeman

HONORABLE

JUDGE

D. McCULLOUGH

DEPT. 322

DEPUTY CLERK

ELECTRONIC RECORDING MONITOR

T. TENNYSON, C.A.

t Deputy Sheriff

JUDGE PRO TEM

NONE

9:00 am BC488534.

JEFFREY KUNS

OCWEN LOAN SERVICING LLC

Plaintiff. Counsel,"

NATURE OF PROCEEDINGS:

Dated: July 25/ 2012

John A. Clarke, Executive Officer

Johathan Cothran Esq. J. COTHRAN LAW OFFICES: 2230 West Chapman Avenue, Suite 200

MINUTES ENTERED

FILED SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES JUL 25 2012 2 John A Clarke, Executive Officer/C 3 4 5 6 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 **COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES** 10 CENTRAL DISTRICT 11 Case No.: BC488534 JEFFREY KUNS, et al., 12 INITIAL STATUS CONFERENCE ORDER Plaintiff, (COMPLEX LITIGATION PROGRAM) 13 VS. Case Assigned for All Purposes to 14 Judge Kenneth R. Freeman OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC. etc., 15 Department: 322 Date: October 5, 2012 16 Defendants. Time: 1:30 p.m. 17 18 This case has been assigned for all purposes to Judge Kenneth R. Freeman in the Complex 19 Litigation Program. An Initial Status Conference is set for October 5, 2012 at 1:30 p.m. in 20 Department 322 located in the Central Civil West Courthouse at 600 South Commonwealth 21 Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90005. Counsel for all parties are ordered to attend. 22 23 The court orders counsel to prepare for the Initial Status Conference by identifying and 24 discussing the central legal and factual issues in the case. Counsel for plaintiff is ordered to 25 initiate contact with counsel for defense to begin this process. Counsel then must negotiate and 26 agree, as possible, on a case management plan. To this end, counsel must file a Joint Initial Status 27 Conference Class Action Response Statement five court days before the Initial Status Conference. 28



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The Joint Response Statement must be filed on line-numbered pleading paper and must specifically answer each of the below-numbered questions. Do not the use the Judicial Council Form CM-110 (Case Management Statement).

- PARTIES AND COUNSEL: Please list all presently-named class representatives and presently-named defendants, together with all counsel of record, including counsel's contact and email information.
- 2. POTENTIAL ADDITIONAL PARTIES: Does any plaintiff presently intend to add more class representatives? If so, and if known, by what date and by what name? Does any plaintiff presently intend to name more defendants? If so, and if known, by what date and by what name? Does any appearing defendant presently intend to file a cross-complaint? If so, who will be named.
- 3. IMPROPERLY NAMED DEFENDANT(S): If the complaint names the wrong person or entity, please explain.
- 4. ADEQUACY OF PROPOSED CLASS REPRESENTATIVE(S): If any party believes one or more named plaintiffs might not be an adequate class representative, please explain. No prejudice will attach to these responses.
 - 5. ESTIMATED CLASS SIZE: Please discuss and indicate the estimated class size.
- 6. OTHER ACTIONS WITH OVERLAPPING CLASS DEFINITIONS: Please list other cases with overlapping class definitions. Please identify the court, the short caption title, the docket number, and the case status.
- 7. POTENTIALLY RELEVANT ARBITRATION AND/OR CLASS ACTION
 WAIVER CLAUSES: Please include a sample of any clause of this sort. Opposing parties must
 summarize their views on this issue.
 - 8. POTENTIAL EARLY CRUCIAL MOTIONS: Opposing counsel are to identify and

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describe the significant core issues in the case. Counsel then are to identify efficient ways to resolve those issues. The vehicles include:

- Motion to Compel Arbitration,
- Early motions in limine,
- Early motions about particular jury instructions and verdict forms,
- Demurrers,

- Motions to strike,
- Motions for judgment on the pleadings, and
- Motions for summary judgment and summary adjudication.

NOTE: Effective 2012, by stipulation a party may move for summary adjudication of a legal issue or a claim for damages that does not completely dispose of a cause of action, an affirmative defense, or an issue of duty!. Counsels are to analyze, discuss, and report on the relevance of this powerful new procedure.

- 9. CLASS CONTACT INFORMATION: Does plaintiff need class contact information from the defendant's records? If so, do the parties consent to an "opt-out" notice process (as approved in *Belaire-West Landscape, Inc. v. Superior Court* (2007) 149 Cal.App.4th 554, 561) to precede defense delivery of this information to plaintiff's counsel? If the parties agree on the notice process, who should pay for it? Should there be a third-party administrator?
- 10. PROTECTIVE ORDERS: Parties considering an order to protect confidential information from general disclosure should begin with the model protective orders found on the Los Angeles Superior Court Website under "Civil Tools for Litigators."
 - 11. DISCOVERY: Please discuss discovery. Do the parties agree on a plan? If not, can

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¹See Code Civ. Proc. § 437c, subd. (s)



the parties negotiate a compromise? At minimum, please summarize each side's views on discovery. The court generally allows discovery on matters relevant to class certification, which (depending on circumstances) may include factual issues also touching the merits. The court generally does not permit extensive or expensive discovery relevant only to the merits (for example, detailed damages discovery) unless a persuasive showing establishes early need. If any party seeks discovery from absent class members, please estimate how many, and also state the kind of discovery you propose².

- 12. INSURANCE COVERAGE: Please state if (1) there is insurance for indemnity or reimbursement, and (2) whether there are any insurance coverage issues which might affect settlement.
- 13. ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION: Please discuss ADR and state each party's position about it. If pertinent, how can the court help identify the correct neutral and prepare the case for a successful settlement negotiation?
- 14. TIMELINE FOR CASE MANAGEMENT: Please recommend dates and times for the following:
 - The next status conference,
 - A schedule for alternative dispute resolution, if it is relevant,
 - A filing deadline for the motion for class certification, and
 - Filing deadlines and descriptions for other anticipated non-discovery motions.
- 15. ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF PAPERS: For efficiency the complex program requires the parties in every new case to use a third-party cloud service, such as:
 - Case Anywhere (<u>www.caseanywhere.com</u>),

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² See California Rule of Court, Rule 3.768.





- CaseHomePage (www.casehomepage.com), or
- Lexis-Nexis File & Serve (www,lexisnexis.com/fileandserve).

Please agree on one and submit the parties' choice when filing the Joint Initial Status

Conference Class Action Response Statement. If there is agreement, please identify the vendor. If
parties cannot agree, the court will select the vendor at the Initial Status Conference. Electronic
service is not the same as electronic filing. Only traditional methods of filing by physical delivery
of original papers or by fax filing are presently acceptable.

Reminder When Seeking To Dismiss Or To Obtain Settlement Approval:

"A dismissal of an entire class action, or of any party or cause of action in a class action, requires court approval. . . . Requests for dismissal must be accompanied by a declaration setting forth the facts on which the party relies. The declaration must clearly state whether consideration, direct or indirect, is being given for the dismissal and must describe the consideration in detail." If the parties have settled the class action, that too will require judicial approval based on a noticed motion (although it may be possible to shorten time by consent for good cause shown).

Pending further order of this Court, and except as otherwise provided in this Initial Status Conference Order, these proceedings are stayed in their entirety. This stay shall preclude the filing of any answer, demurrer, motion to strike, or motions challenging the jurisdiction of the Court; however, any defendant may file a Notice of Appearance for purposes of identification of counsel and preparation of a service list. The filing of such a Notice of Appearance shall be without prejudice to any challenge to the jurisdiction of the Court, substantive or procedural challenges to the Complaint, without prejudice to any affirmative defense, and without prejudice to the filing of any cross-complaint in this action. This stay is issued to assist the Court and the

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³ California Rule of Court, Rule 3.770(a)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT TO UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE FOR DISCOVERY

This case has been assigned to District Judge Dolly Gee and the assigned discovery Magistrate Judge is Paul Abrams.

The case number on all documents filed with the Court should read as follows:

CV12- 7118 DMG (PLAx)

Pursuant to General Order 05-07 of the United States District Court for the Central District of California, the Magistrate Judge has been designated to hear discovery related motions.

All discovery related motions should be noticed on the calendar of the Magistrate Judge

NOTICE TO COUNSEL

A copy of this notice must be served with the summons and complaint on all defendants (if a removal action is filed, a copy of this notice must be served on all plaintiffs).

Subsequent documents must be filed at the following location:



Southern Division
411 West Fourth St., Rm. 1-053
Santa Ana, CA 92701-4516

Eastern Division 3470 Twelfth St., Rm. 134 Riverside, CA 92501

Failure to file at the proper location will result in your documents being returned to you.

Case 2:12-cv-07/11/20 DIV BLAST REQUESTRY CERITAGE DEVISTAGE BARGE ALFORAGE Page ID #:67 CIVIL COVER SHEET I (a) PLAINTIFFS (Check box if you are representing yourself []) **DEFENDANTS** Jeffrey Kuns, an individual, on his own behalf and on behalf of Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, all others similarly situated and DOES 1-100, inclusive (b) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address and Telephone Number. If you are representing Attorneys (If Known) yourself, provide same.) Elizabeth L. McKeen, Danielle N. Oakley, Edgar H. Martinez Jonathan Cothran O'Melveny & Myers, LLP J. COTHRAN LAW OFFICES 610 Newport Center Drive, 17th Floor Orange, California 92868 Newport Beach, California 92660-6429 (949) 760-9600 (714) 974-5600 emckeen@omm.com; doakley@omm.com; emartinez@omm.com jcothranlaw@gmail.com II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an X in one box only.) III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES - For Diversity Cases Only (Place an X in one box for plaintiff and one for defendant.) ☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff 3 Federal Question (U.S. PTF DEF PTF DEF Government Not a Party Citizen of This State **⊠** | □ | Incorporated or Principal Place of Business in this State 2 U.S. Government Defendant Citizen of Another State 2 2 Incorporated and Principal Place 5 5 5 of Parties in Item III) of Business in Another State Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country 3 3 Foreign Nation $\Box 6 \Box 6$ IV. ORIGIN (Place an X in one box only.) 2 Removed from 3 Remanded from 4 Reinstated or 5 Transferred from another district (specify): 6 Multi-☐ 1 Original 7 Appeal to District Proceeding State Court Appellate Court Reopened District Judge from Litigation Magistrate Judge V. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: JURY DEMAND: Yes No (Check 'Yes' only if demanded in complaint.) CLASS ACTION under F.R.C.P. 23: X Yes No **☐ MONEY DEMANDED IN COMPLAINT: S** VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (Cite the U. S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and write a brief statement of cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.) 28 U.S.C. 1332, 1441, 1446 & 1453. Diversity jurisdiction under the Class Action Fairness Act. VII. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an X in one box only.) OTHER STATUTES CONTRACT TORTS TORTS PRISONER LABOR PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL 400 State Reapportionment 110 Insurance **PETITIONS** 710 Fair Labor Standards PROPERTY 410 Antitrust ☐ 120 Marine 310 Airplane 510 Motions to Vacate 370 Other Fraud Sentence Habeas 720 Labor/Mgmt. 430 Banks and Banking 130 Miller Act ___ 315 Airplane Product 150 Commerce/ICC 140 Negotiable Instrument Liability 371 Truth in Lending Corpus Relations Rates/ctc. 150 Recovery of 320 Assault, Libel & 380 Other Personal 530 General 730 Labor/Mgmt. 460 Deportation Slander Property Damage 535 Death Penalty Overpayment & Reporting & 330 Fed. Employers' 470 Racketeer Influenced Enforcement of 385 Property Damage 540 Mandamus/ Disclosure Act Judgment Liability Product Liability and Corrupt Other 740 Railway Labor Act 340 Marine BANKRUPTCY 550 Civil Rights Organizations 151 Medicare Act 790 Other Labor 3480 Consumer Credit 345 Marine Product 22 Appeal 28 USC 152 Recovery of Defaulted 555 Prison Condition Litigation 158 490 Cable/Sat TV Student Loan (Excl. Liability FORFEITURE / ___ 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. 423 Withdrawal 28 810 Selective Service Veterans) 350 Motor Vehicle Security Act PENALTY 153 Recovery of **USC 157** 355 Motor Vehicle ■ 850 Securities/Commodities/ PROPERTY RIGHTS ☐ 610 Agriculture Overpayment of Product Liability **CIVIL RIGHTS** 820 Copyrights Exchange 620 Other Food & Veteran's Benefits 360 Other Personal 875 Customer Challenge 12 441 Voting 830 Patent Drug 160 Stockholders' Suits Injury USC 3410 442 Employment 840 Trademark ☐ 625 Drug Related 190 Other Contract 890 Other Statutory Actions 362 Personal Injury-443 Housing/Acco-SOCIAL SECURITY Seizure of 195 Contract Product Med Malpractice ___ 891 Agricultural Act mmodations Property 21 USC 61 HIA(1395ff) Liability 365 Personal Injury-■ 892 Economic Stabilization 444 Welfare 881 862 Black Lung (923) 196 Franchise Product Liability 445 American with 3630 Liquor Laws ■ 863 DIWC/DIWW 368 Asbestos Personal 893 Environmental Matters **REAL PROPERTY** Disabilities -640 R.R.& Truck 405(g)) Injury Product ☐ 894 Energy Allocation Act 210 Land Condemnation Employment 650 Airline Regs 364 SSID Title XVI Liability 895 Freedom of Info. Act 220 Foreclosure 446 American with ☐ 660 Occupational 865 RSI (405(g)) **IMMIGRATION** 900 Appeal of Fee Determi-230 Rent Lease & Ejectment Disabilities -Safety /Health FEDERAL TAX SUITS 462 Naturalization Other nation Under Equal 240 Torts to Land 690 Other 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff Application 440 Other Civil Access to Justice 245 Tort Product Liability or Defendant) Habeas Corpus-Rights ☐ 950 Constitutionality of State ☐ 290 All Other Real Property 871 IRS-Third Party 26 Alien Detainee Statutes USC 7609 465 Other Immigration FOR OFFICE USE ONLY: Case Number:

AFTER COMPLETING THE FRONT SIDE OF FORM CV-71, COMPLETE THE INFORMATION REQUESTED BELOW.

Case 2:12-cv-071118-SPASTRICTUTERT, CENTRAL DESTRICT FOR A PAGE ID #:68 CIVIL COVER SHEET VIII(a). IDENTICAL CASES: Has this action been previously filed in this court and dismissed, remanded or closed? No Yes

If yes, list case number(s):		To the desiry three mit this coult is	and distinstical, remainded of closed.		
VIII(b). RELATED CASES: Have	e any cases been pr	eviously filed in this court tha	it are related to the present case? 🛛 No 🗌 Yes		
If yes, list case number(s):					
Civil cases are deemed related if a	previously filed c	ase and the present case:			
(Check all boxes that apply) A	. Arise from the sar	me or closely related transacti	ons, happenings, or events; or Illy related or similar questions of law and fact; or		
			cation of labor if heard by different judges; or		
			t, and one of the factors identified above in a, b or c also is present.		
IX. VENUE: (When completing the	following informa	ition, use an additional sheet i	f necessary.)		
			if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named plaintiff resides. this box is checked, go to item (b).		
County in this District: •			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country		
Los Angeles County					
			if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named defendant resides.		
Check here if the government, its agencies or employees is a named defendant. I					
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country		
			Florida and Delaware		
(c) List the County in this District; Note: In land condemnation of			if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH claim arose.		
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country		
Los Angeles County			·		
Los Angeles, Orange, San Bernar Note: In land condemnation cases, us			San Luis Obispo Counties		
X. SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (OR PRO PER):	Elles K	Date August 17, 2012		
Edgar H. Martinez					
or other papers as required by lav	w. This form, appro-	ved by the Judicial Conference	nation contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings of the United States in September 1974, is required pursuant to Local Rule 3 -1 is not filed ing the civil docket sheet. (For more detailed instructions, see separate instructions sheet.)		
Cey to Statistical codes relating to So	cial Security Cases	•			
Nature of Suit Code	Abbreviation	Substantive Statement of	Cause of Action		
861	HIA	All claims for health insurance benefits (Medicare) under Title 18, Part A, of the Social Security Act, as amended. Also, include claims by hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc., for certification as providers of services under the program. (42 U.S.C. 1935FF(b))			
862	BL	All claims for "Black Lung" benefits under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969. (30 U.S.C. 923)			
863	DIWC	All claims filed by insured workers for disability insurance benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended; plus all claims filed for child's insurance benefits based on disability. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))			
863	DIWW	All claims filed for widows or widowers insurance benefits based on disability under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))			
864	SSID	All claims for supplemental security income payments based upon disability filed under Title 16 of the Social Security Act, as amended.			
865	RSI	All claims for retirement (old age) and survivors benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. (g))			

CV-71 (05/08)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

Page 2 of 2

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